and vast congressional districts in this country.

As Nevada's very first female representative in Congress, she focused on a variety of issues important to Nevadans, including Federal wilderness and national park policy, as we have heard earlier, public land use and nuclear waste policy issues that affected the State of Nevada.

In 1997, Mrs. Vucanovich retired as a senior Member of Congress, having served on the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs, the Committee on House Administration and the chairman of the very powerful Appropriations Subcommittee on Military Construction.

The designation of the U.S. post office in Mrs. Vucanovich's hometown of Reno, Nevada would be a wonderful tribute to her tireless work and unfailing dedication to the citizens of the great State of Nevada.

Mr. Speaker, echoing the remarks of Nevada's Governor Kenny Guinn, "I can think of few individuals who have devoted their lives to the people of Nevada in the manner that Barbara Vucanovich has over her many years of public service. She has served her community as a volunteer, government worker, and elected official. She has always fought hard for the people she represented."

Mrs. Vucanovich's dedicated service to her Nation is well-known throughout the halls of Congress. Mrs. Vucanovich's long history in this body as represented by the many colleagues on both sides of the aisle who still today call Barbara their friend. Many of my colleagues here today served alongside of Barbara Vucanovich and still remember with great fondness her distinguished career and outstanding achievements here in this body.

Mr. Speaker, it has been my pleasure to lead this effort to recognize my predecessor, former Congresswoman Barbara Vucanovich, for her distinguished service in Congress and long-standing commitment to the citizens of the State of Nevada, as well as to our Nation as a whole.

I would like to encourage all of my colleagues to join with me today to honor former Congressman Vucanovich and pass H.R. 4169.

Mr. Speaker, I want to again thank the gentleman from New York (Mr. MCHUGH), my colleague and friend, for yielding me the time.

□ 1700

Mr. McHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I am happy to yield such time as she may consume to the gentlewoman from New York (Mrs. MALONEY).

Mrs. MALONEY of New York. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of this bill to designate a post office in Reno, Nevada as the "Barbara F. Vucanovich Post Office Building".

Barbara was the very first woman elected to Congress from the great State of Nevada, and she blazed a trail for women during her seven terms of Congress. She once lived in the congressional district that I have the honor of representing when she attended Manhattan College of Sacred Heart in New York City from 1938 through 1939, long before many women were routinely attending college.

I have very fond memories of working with Barbara Vucanovich on many bills before this Congress. In fact, one of the first bills when I came to Congress was one that we worked on together which would provide for annual mammograms in Medicare. We circulated a letter together and got, I think, probably every Member of this body to sign onto it.

At that time, when a woman was 65, mammograms were covered only every other year, which put many women at risk. It is early detection that is now saving women's lives, and it was an honor to work with her.

She cared very deeply about this issue for many reasons, one of which she was herself a breast cancer survivor. She often spoke about her experiences and really was instrumental in supporting research for breast cancer.

The bill that we worked on later became part of the balanced budget amendment and is now law. So I always think about Barbara when I read about this bill and when I think about all the breakthroughs that we are having now in breast cancer research, because she truly was a great leader in many areas. But on the Women's Caucus, I would say she was the leader on breast cancer research. Really, every woman in this country owes a great deal of gratitude for her service, for her leadership, and for her example.

So I thank very deeply the gentleman from Nevada (Mr. GIBBONS) for introducing this bill, and I certainly urge a very vote. It is long overdue

urge a yes vote. It is long overdue. Mr. FATTAH. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I join in the remarks that have been made. I have not served with the gentlewoman from Nevada. I would add just that I think it is entirely appropriate that this legislation receive a unanimous support here in the House.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. McHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I yield

back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. SIMPSON). The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from New York (Mr. MCHUGH) that the

House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 4169.

The question was taken.

Mr. McHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8, rule XX and the Chair's prior announcement, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

The point of no quorum is considered withdrawn.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. McHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on H.R. 4169.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

HENRY W. McGEE POST OFFICE BUILDING

Mr. McHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 3909) to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 4601 South Cottage Grove Avenue in Chicago, Illinois, as the "Henry W. McGee Post Office Building."

The Clerk read as follows:

H.R. 3909

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. HENRY W. McGEE POST OFFICE BUILDING.

(a) DESIGNATION.—The facility of the United States Postal Service located at 4601 South Cottage Grove Avenue in Chicago, Illinois, shall be known and designated as the "Henry W. McGee Post Office Building".

(b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in a law, map, regulation, document, paper, or other record of the United States to the facility referred to in subsection (a) shall be deemed to be a reference to the "Henry W. McGee Post Office Building".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from New York (Mr. McHugh) and the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. FATTAH) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York (Mr. McHugh).

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. McHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days within which to revise and extend their remarks on H.R. 3909.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

Mr. McHUGH. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I would admit to some bias in the bill just passed and that, as a Member of this House, it brings a particular sense of pleasure to be able to bestow a naming honor upon a former colleague. However, as a citizen, and perhaps for the purposes of this initiative, more importantly as the chairman of the Subcommittee on Postal Service, I think it is particularly appropriate when we have, as we do on this particular bill, the opportunity to bestow an honor upon an individual who has dedicated, in this case, his life to service of the United States Postal Service itself.

The gentleman from Illinois (Mr. RUSH) introduced this legislation on March 14. As the Clerk has read, it does designate the Postal Service facility at